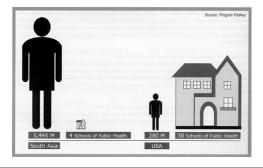
BRAC University James P Grant School of Public Health (JPG SPH/BSPH)

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Population in Million & Number of SPH: South Asia and USA



Existing Public Health Education

- USA 250 million
 - -30 SPH
- · South Asia 1.2 billion
 - 4 SPH though many more are planned (PHFI and others)
- One year MPH at Johns Hopkins, Harvard, London, etc. costs over \$45,000

Existing Public Health Education

- MPH program in Kerala, South India costs \$3,500
- Southern students who train abroad tend to stay abroad (recover debts, greater salary, opportunities to emigrate, etc.) while those who train locally stay in India

Why a SPH in Bangladesh?

- Provide health training which is relevant to the society and can be applied
- Provide education of the highest quality in the field of public health
- Produce graduates from the south who are more likely to remain in the south and become leaders in public health

Objectives of JPGSPH

 Provide health training which is relevant to the society and promote the continued improvement of health outcomes for South Asia

Objectives of JPGSPH

 Provide higher education of the highest quality in the field of public health, which uniquely utilizes the resources of development in Bangladesh to provide a field laboratory for experiential teaching and learning

The development of the James P. Grant School of Public Health at BRAC University is a collaboration between BRAC, the ICDDR,B, other schools of public health, and research institutions worldwide.

BRAC – A Brief Description

- Bangladeshi NGO established in 1972, with full time staff of 27,000 and 34,000 part-time teachers
- Budget of \$350 million per year of which 75% generated from BRAC activities

BRAC – A Brief Description

- Microcredit, education, health, banking, women's projects, human rights agenda, sericulture, dairies, fish culture, handicrafts, etc.
- BRAC University established in 2002

BRAC Activities in Health

- Water and sanitation, family planning, ORT, immunization, pregnancy related care, basic curative services, nutrition, tuberculosis control
- BRAC Health Centre, Limb and Fitting Centre

BRAC Activities in Health

- Nutrition program (BINP), tuberculosis control, immunization
- HIV/AIDS program, malaria, micro health insurance, community based arsenic mitigation, early childhood development, saving newborn lives, public private partnership for health

ICDDR,B – Research and Service

- Library-over 50,000 journal titles 15,000 books
- Clinical facilities OPD, 200 beds, ICU, metabolic unit
- Laboratories virology, enteric bacteria, parasitology, immunology, HIV/STI diagnostic facility, nutrition, and PCR

ICDDR,B – Research and Service

 Matlab field study areas (defined population of about 160,000 with household records extending back over 40 years), field hospital and research ward

JPG SPH – Some Unique Attributes

- Courses linked to field applications
- Studies relevant to Bangladesh reality
- Access to BRAC development programs and research activities
- Access to ICDDR staff and facilities
- Faculty from Bangladesh and partner schools in northern universities

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JPG SPH – Some Unique Attributes

- Students drawn from south and north
- International standards of academic quality
- Sponsored students and inexpensive tuition fees

Students

- Bangladeshi competitive entrance with scholarship
- Foreign same academic standards
- Health professionals and other graduate level students interested in health
- Initial small class (25) with future increases
- Larger needs of Bangladesh after a few years of MPH program

Student Recruitment

- International
 - Publicity through BRAC University website and word of mouth
 - -Selected by friends of the school
 - Telephone interviews
 - -Written test and interviews

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Student Recruitment

- Bangladesh
 - As above and newspaper advertisement
 - -Written test and interviews

Students - First Batch

- Twenty-five with 13 female and 12 male
- 15 Bangladeshi, 10 non-Bangladeshi
- 15 MDs, 10 non-MDs
- · Diverse experience

	Student Body					
Characteristics	2005-2006	2006-2007				
Total Number	25	26				
Females	13	12				
Medical doctors	10	11				
Bangladeshi students	15	14				
International students	10	12				

Faculty

- Members of BRAC University
- International Advisory Board
- BSPH Core five
- Visiting international faculty/counterparts
- Bangladeshi faculty



Teaching and Learning

- Courses modules lasting two to nine weeks
- Courses have clearly stated objectives, instructional strategies, detailed course outline, and an evaluation system
- Participatory, problem-based, experiential learning with individual and group work

Teaching and Learning

- Intensive field and community exposure in villages, urban slums and other settings to witness public health practice
- Culminating independent study of a public health problem in which the student demonstrates synthesis and integration of knowledge learned

First Semester Courses (Savar – Rural Campus)

- Introduction (2 wks)
- Qualitative approaches(6 wks)
- Quantitative approaches (8wks)
- Management (6 wks)

Study Village: Kakabo

- 2 km from TARC
- All households listed and village sketch made
- Preparing the village
 meeting w/elites
- Welcoming villagers
- An integral part of teaching/learning



Second Semester Courses (Dhaka)

- Infectious diseases (3 wks)
- Environment & health (2 wks)
- Advanced epi/Biostats (2 wks)
- Human nutrition
- Health equity (1 wk)

Second Semester Courses (Dhaka)

- Communications in health (1 wk)
- Reproductive health (1 wk)
- Human resources in health (1 wk)
- Maternal & child nutrition (2 wks)
- Aging & non-communicable diseases (1 wk)

Independent Field Study

- · Eight weeks
- Evaluation/ intensive study of interventions
- Written study plan

Independent Field Study

- Projects to be studied include those at BRAC, other NGOs, ICDDR, B, and MoH
- Mentors
- Written report
- Oral presentation

Facilities

- Savar
 - Residence, classroom, computer
 lab, internet, library, recreational
 facilities, field sites in rural villages
- Dhaka
 - BRAC headquarters, ICDDRB (including Matlab), residence, field sites in urban slums

Collab	orations:
MoU	Signed

- ICDDR, B
- Columbia University
- London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine
- Uppsala University
- University of Amsterdam

Collaborations: MoU Signed

- Harvard School of Public Health
- Johns Hopkins/Bloomberg School of Public Health
- University of Umea
- · Karolinska Institute
- George Washington University

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Features of the JPG SPH: A Summary

- Partnership with internationally recognized public health institutions in the south and north, including a special relationship with ICDDR, B
- Residential training in a rural facility for 6 months
- Diverse student body from many countries

Features of the JPG SPH: A Summary

- Location in a developing country provides a social laboratory for teaching and learning
- Placement in a development organization that is committed to the poor and disadvantaged

What Can the Schools of Public Health from the North Contribute?

- Provide opportunities for visiting faculty to take short courses
- Assist with teaching and curriculum design
- Facilitate student exchanges in both directions

What Can the Schools of Public Health from the North Contribute?

- Develop joint research studies
- Provide opportunities for faculty from north to spend more than twoyears away to assist with school and faculty development